

Computing components and Assessment checkpoints

If you have faith as small as a mustard seed, you can say to this mountain, move from here to there and it will move; nothing would be impossible. Matthew 17:20

	EYFS – Key knowledge and skills
Overview What Computing might look like in our classroom	At The Bishops' C of E Learning Academy our computing curriculum begins in the Early Years. Our Computing scheme for the EYFS is centred around play-based, unplugged (no computer) activities that focus on building children's listening skills, curiosity and creativity and problem solving. We believe that not only will teaching a well-planned Computing curriculum from Early Years ensure that children enter Year 1 with a strong foundation of knowledge, but Computing lessons in the EYFS also ensure that children develop listening skills, problem-solving abilities, thoughtful questioning, and an understanding of e-safety. • taking a photograph with a camera or tablet • searching for information on the internet • playing games on the interactive whiteboard or class lpads • exploring an old typewriter or other mechanical toys • using a Beebot
	 watching a video clip listening to music Learning how to stay safe online
Key knowledge in EYFS	 I can notice and continue a pattern. I know that technology can be used for different purposes. I know how to use simple technology. I know how to create a simple algorithm.
Reception Year	Autumn 1 – Barefoot – Awesome Autumn – Patterns, logic, decomposition, create. Autumn 2 - Barefoot – Pattern revisited, Simple Beebot, purpose of buttons and simple instruction. Spring 1 - Barefoot – Boats Ahoy – Create, Logic, Tinkering. Spring 2 – Barefoot – People who help us. Creating, Abstraction. Summer 1 - Beebots – Create, Logic, Algorithm. Summer 2 – Barefoot – Tangrams – Creating, persevering, tinkering, de-bugging. E-safety will be taught in Autumn 1 but will be re-visited every half term as children access, use and observe technology within the classroom. VOCABULARY: Bee Bot, Forwards, Backwards, Turn, Button, On, Off, Battery, Power, Direction, Code, Control, Algorithm, Instruction, Test

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Early Learning Goal	Although there is no longer a specific technology ELG, technology links to mathematics, communication and language and PSED (keeping safe online).

Year 1 and 2	Autumn 1 and 2	Spring 1 and 2	Summer 1 and 2
Christian Values	Perseverance Compassion	Respect Forgiveness	Trust Courage
Lead enquiry question. (Composite Outcome)	How do I use the Internet safely? How do I use a computer/device?	How do I use Scratch to create programs?	What is digital painting?
Golden Threads	Belonging - Internet Safety - Google Resources Achieving - Digital Literacy – Commonsense Education	Achieving - Computer Science – Barefoot Computing	Achieving - Information Technology – STEM.org
Disciplinary knowledge	 Know what personal information is and what I should not reveal online. Explain the importance of being kind online. Recognise common uses of information technology beyond school. Use technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information private. Identify where to go for help and support when they have concerns about content or contact on the internet or other online technologies. 	 Understand what algorithms are. Understand programs execute by following precise and unambiguous instructions. Create and debug simple programs. 	Use technology purposefully to create, organize, store, manipulate and retrieve digital content.
Tier 3 Vocabulary	Keyboard	Sprite	paint program.
	Monitor Interactive	Sequence Execute	tool paintbrush

	Whiteboard Password	Blocks Continuous loop	erase fill	
	Email Website Delete Space Bar Barcode Internet Save Instructions Edit (Size, Colour,		undo shape tools line tool fill tool undo tool colour brush style brush size	
Learning Objectives (Components)	Shape) 1. To agree to the Think Before You Click pledge & Esafety assembly 2. To use the internet safely 3. To search the internet for suitable pictures 4. To keep my information private 5. To describe how to take ownership of work online 1. Understand what algorithms are. 2. Understand how they are implemented a programs on digital devices. 3. Understand that programs execute by following precise and unambiguous instructions. 4. Create and debug simple programs.	character. 2. I can select and drag blocks for a character to grow and shrink. 3. I can edit a value to make an object move further and at different speeds. 4. I can use a 'repeat' instruction and predict the behaviour of a character. 5. I can create programs with	 To describe what different freehand tools do. I can use the shape tool and the line tools. To make careful choices when painting a digital picture. I can explain that different paint tools do different jobs. I can use dots of colur to create a picture. I can compare painting a picture on a computer and on paper. 	

	6. To discuss how to stay safe online reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs.		
Assessment checkpoints	Children who are secure will be able to: ✓ Know how the internet can be used. ✓ Know what is appropriate to share and what is not ✓ Log in and navigate around a computer. ✓ Drag, drop, click and control a cursor using a mouse. ✓ Use software tools to create art on the computer	Children who are secure will be able to: ✓ Keeps personal information private. ✓ Recognise common uses of information technology beyond school. ✓ Uses technology purposefully to create digital content. ✓ Understand what algorithms are; how they are implemented as programs on digital devices; and that programs execute by following precise and unambiguous instructions. ✓ Create and debug simple programs. ✓ Use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs.	Children who are secure will be able to: ✓ Use technology safely. ✓ Use technology purposefully to store digital content. ✓ Use technology purposefully to retrieve digital content.
When do Assessment	Safe use of the Internet and devices	Assessment through	Assessment through discussions/questions
checkpoints happen?	happens every time the children log on –	discussions/questions at the start of	at the start of each lesson.
	continual assessment.	each lesson.	
	Assessment within Internet Safety week	ACP – First lesson of Summer will assess	
	and PSHE lessons.	what algorithms are.	

Year 3 and 4	Autumn 1 and 2	Spring	Spring 1 and 2		er 1 and 2
Christian Values	Perseverance Compa	Respect	Forgiveness	Trust	Courage
Lead enquiry question. (Composite Outcome)	How do I share with care on God How do I use a computer/device	e? within computer s	Why is 'tinkering' an important skill within computer science? How do I use variables within a program?		of Satellite
Golden Threads	Belonging - Internet Safety Achieving - Digital Literacy	Achieving - Comp			g- Information
Disciplinary knowledge	 Use technology safely, respectfully and responses Recognise acceptable/unacceptable behaviour. Identify a range of ways report concerns and contact. 	sibly. programs specific go decompose decompose smaller parameter and algorithms Understarn networks, internet; he multiple services world Wide opportunity communicing specific got spec	 Design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals. Solve programs by decomposing them into smaller parts. Use sequence, selection, and repetition in programs. Detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs. Understand computer networks, including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the World Wide Web, and the opportunities they offer for communication and collaboration (Year 4). 		h technologies h technologies h how results are and ranked and be gin evaluating tent. ange of programs, and content that sh given goals, collecting, evaluating, and g data and an (Year 4).

Tier 3 Vocabulary	Blog De-bugging Manipulating IT Information Techr		Digital technology Tinkering Programming Selection Condition Variables		Sensors Infra-red
Learning Objectives (Components)	1. & 2 To agree to the Be Internet Awesome pledge & E-safety assembly 3. To discuss what information should be kept private. 4. To identify ways information can be found online about people. 5. To create a positive online presence. 6. To discuss different levels of privacy.	1. To create a safe password. 2. To describe how the internet connects people. 3. To discuss how products are sold online. 4. To describe differences between on/offline communications. 5. To communicate safely and effectively online.	1 & 2. I can tinker with Scratch changing dialogue and movement. 3 & 4. I can tinker with a blank program adding movement, dialogue and characters. 5 & 6. I can explain what selection is and write a program using it.	1 & 2. I can explain what a variable is and use them in programs. 3, 4 & 5. I can use a variety of variables to score and time a quiz.	1 & 2. What is environmental observation? 3 & 4. Why are two very different images needed? 5 & 6. What has environmental observation done for our world?
Assessment checkpoints	✓ Understand t	al information private. hat being a good means being safe	specific goal controlling o systems; sol	e and debug at accomplish	Children who are secure will be able to: ✓ Recognises common uses of information technology beyond school. ✓ Uses technology purposefully to create digital content.

	✓ Recognise the ways in which digital devices can be distracting.	 ✓ Use sequence, selection, and repetition in programs, work with variables and various forms of input and output. ✓ Use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs. ✓ Understand computer networks including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the world-wide web. ✓ Appreciate how results are selected and ranked. 	 ✓ Uses technology purposefully to store digital content. ✓ Uses technology purposefully to retrieve digital content.
When do Assessment checkpoints happen?	Safe use of the Internet and devices happens every time the children log on – continual assessment. ACP within Internet Safety week and PSHE lessons.	Assessment through discussions/questions at the start of each lesson. ACP – First lesson of Summer will assess what algorithms are and are the children able to decide if an algorithm won't work.	Assessment through discussions/questions at the start of each lesson.

Year 5	Autumn 1 and 2	Spring 1 and 2	Summer 1 and 2
Christian Values	Perseverance Compassion	Respect Forgiveness	Trust Courage
Lead enquiry question. (Composite Outcome)	How do I keep secrets secure when using Google? How can I use technology to plan an event?	How do I detect and correct errors in algorithms? How do I design, write and debug programs which simulate physical systems?	How can we use digital software to change an image?
Golden Threads	Belonging - Internet Safety Achieving - Digital Literacy	Aspiring/Achieving - Computer Science	Achieving - Information Technology – STEM.org
Disciplinary knowledge	 Understand the importance of strong passwords. Use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly. Recognise acceptable/unacceptable behaviour. Identify a range of ways to report concerns and content and contact. 	 Design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals. Solve programs by decomposing them into smaller parts. Use sequence, selection, and repetition in programs. Work with variables. Use logical reasoning to explain how simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs. Understand computer networks, including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the 	 Use search technologies effectively. Appreciate how results are selected and ranked and be discerning in evaluating digital content. Create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating, and presenting data and information (Year 4).

		opportuniti communic	e Web, and the ies they offer for ation and on (Year 4).	
Tier 3 Vocabulary	Hyperlink Plagiarism Citing sources Trolling Digital content Privacy Social Media Influencers Reputable Source Verify Anonymity Script HTML (hyper-text mark-up language) URL (Uniform Resource Locater	Logical reasoning Imaginary situation Simulations Depicting		Mood Portray Digitally edited versions Photoshop Bitmap Pixel/pixelated Modified Resolution Conditional Formatting Binary Bits/byte
Learning Objectives	1 & 2 To agree to the Be Internet	1. I can follow an	1. What is a	I can understand that
(Components)	Awesome pledge & E-safety assembly.	algorithm to create an image.	simulation? 2. I can design a	artefacts such as paintings can be digitized.
	3. To create a strong password.4. To customize privacy settings.	2. I can write an algorithm which includes	simulation. 3. I can write a	2. I can understand that digital graphics can be easily edited.3. I can import an existing image
	5.To put my learning into practice.	includes simulation program. mistakes. 4 & 5. I can debug		into a graphics package adjusting the colour settings.
	6. To create docs and collaborate using Google Drive.	3. I can follow an algorithm program. detecting and		 I can apply filters within a graphics package to an existing image.
		correcting errors		I can export an image as a jpeg of varying qualities.

		using logical reasoning. 4. I can spot patterns within an algorithm.	6. I can understand the concept of resolution in the context of graphics and pixels.
Assessment checkpoints	Children who are secure will be able to: ✓ Recognises acceptable/unacceptable behaviour. ✓ Selects a variety of software to accomplish given goals. ✓ Selects, uses and combines internet services. ✓ Analyses and evaluates information. ✓ Collects and presents data. ✓ Understands the opportunities computer networks offer for communication. ✓ Identifies a range of ways to report concerns about content.	Children who are secure will be able to: ✓ Design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals including controlling or simulating physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts. ✓ Use sequence, selection, and repetition in programs, work with variables and various forms of input and output. ✓ Use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs. ✓ Understand computer networks including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the world-wide web. ✓ Appreciate how results are selected and ranked.	 Children who are secure will be able to: ✓ Recognises acceptable/unacceptable behaviour. ✓ Selects a variety of software to accomplish given goals. ✓ Select, uses and combines internet services. ✓ Analyse and evaluate information. ✓ Collect and presents data.
When do Assessment checkpoints happen?	Safe use of the Internet and devices happens every time the children log on – continual assessment. ACP within Internet Safety week and within PSHE lessons.	Assessment through discussions/questions at the start of each lesson. ACP – First lesson of Summer will assess the purpose of a variable within an algorithm.	Assessment through discussions/questions at the start of each lesson.

Year 6	Autumn 1 and 2	Spring	Spring 1 and 2		er 1 and 2
Christian Values	Perseverance Compassion	on Respect	Forgiveness	Trust	Courage
Lead enquiry question. (Composite Outcome)	Why is it cool to be kind when using Google? Is it Cyberbullying?	How do I design, programs to make	•	How do I create a exciting PowerPoi showcase who I a	nt presentation to
Disciplinary knowledge	 Belonging - Internet Safety Belonging & Achieving - Digital Litera Explain how they are developed online reputation which will a others to form an opinion of the others to form and responsibly. Recognise acceptable/unacceptable behaviour. Understands the opportunities computer networks offer for communication. Identify a range of ways to reconcerns and content and concerns and content and concerns. 	oring an allow programs specific good smaller poort smaller poort specific good smaller poort specific good smaller poort specific good smaller poort specific good specif	rite and debug that accomplish oals. grams by sing them into arts. ence, selection, ition in programs. variables. al reasoning to	effectively	h technologies c. e how results are and ranked and be g in evaluating attent. ange of programs, and content that as given goals, collecting, evaluating, and
		provide m such as th	ultiple services, ne World Wide the opportunities		

			they offer for communication	
Tier 3 Vocabulary	Positive Negative Public Private Digital Footprint Personal Information Settings Personal boundaries Bystander Upstander Harassment Amplify Cyberbullying	Hyperlink Plagiarism Citing sources Trolling Digital content Privacy Social Media Influencers Reputable Source Verify Anonymity Script HTML (hyper-text mark-up language) URL (Uniform	and collaboration (Year 4). Decomposition Debugging	Animations Transitions Foreground Background Format shape Merge options Designer function Presentation mode
Learning Objectives (Components)	Clickbait 1 & 2. To agree to the Be Internet Awesome pledge & E-safety assembly 3. To respond to bullying online. 4. To discuss different ways to respond to bullying. 5. To turn negative interactions into positive ones.	1. 1. Is it cyberbullying? 2. How do we stop cyberbulling? 3. How do we trust what we read online? 4. What are the important parts of an online news article? 5. What is clickbait?	 I can decompose a game into its parts. I can design a game. I can create the artwork for a game. I can write code identifying what the program should do. I can observe the program and debug regularly. I can present and evaluate a game. 	1. I can use a range of PowerPoint functions. 2. I can understand what animations and transitions are and what they do within a PowerPoint. 3. I can create effects within images on PowerPoint. 4. I can edit images using PowerPoint. 5 & 6. I can apply all my learning and create an informative and exciting PowerPoint presentation.

	6. To interpret	6. How do we		
	emotions behind	avoid		
	texts and	clickbait?		
	messages.			
Assessment	Children who are secure will be able to:		Children who are secure will be able to:	Children who are secure will be able to:
checkpoints	 ✓ Recognises acceptable/unacceptable behaviour. ✓ Selects a variety of software to accomplish given goals. ✓ Selects, uses and combines internet services. ✓ Analyses and evaluates information. ✓ Collects and presents data. ✓ Understands the opportunities 		 ✓ Design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals including controlling or simulating physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts. ✓ Use sequence, selection, and repetition in programs, work with variables and various forms of input and output. ✓ Use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and detect and correct 	 ✓ Recognises acceptable/unacceptable behaviour. ✓ Selects a variety of software to accomplish given goals. ✓ Selects, uses and combines internet services. ✓ Analyses and evaluates information. ✓ Collects and presents data.
	computer ne communicat	tworks offer for ion.	errors in algorithms and programs. ✓ Understand computer networks including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the world-wide web. ✓ Appreciate how results are selected and ranked.	
When do Assessment checkpoints happen?	Safe use of the Internet and devices happens every time the children log on – continual assessment. ACP within Internet Safety week and PSHE lessons.		Assessment through discussions/questions at the start of each lesson. ACP – First lesson of Summer will assess the ability to decompose a problem.	Assessment through discussions/questions at the start of each lesson. ACP – the children will be able to present their PP presentations explaining the choice of animations and transitions – ORACY link.

Cradle to Career	EYFS:	EYFS:	EYFS:
links.	KS3: Y7 – learn about computer hardware	KS3: Y7 – Coding a Calculator in	KS3: Y9 - Key concepts of Computer
KS3 and KS4 units are	including how to build a computer.	Scratch	Science, computer architecture,
taught at Newquay	Y7 – All about the Digital World	Y7 – Design and build a	networks, legislation and data
Tretherras	Y8 – Learn about the advances in Al	website using HTML and CSS	representation.
	Y8 – Learn about APP development	Y8 – Begin to learn how to	Y9 – Digital Media –
Future Pathways:	and design	program using Python.	compositions including Photoshop.
Compute Scientist		Y9 – More complex knowledge	
Influencer		of Python – more complex	
Computer Coder		algorithms.	
APP Designer			